# **GCAN-8100**

Modbus bus coupler



## 1. View and modify configuration parameters



Figure 1.1 GC-8100 wiring diagram

First, connect the GC-8100 wire as shown in the figure (the white wire is 24v, the black wire is GND), and use a flat-blade screwdriver or other tools to open the USB cover of the GC-8100 main control module from below (the red frame is USB Cover). After opening the cover, you can see three

components as shown in Figure 2. The three components are: ②USB interface, ③stop switch, ④core upgrade button.



图 1.2 GC-8100 USB 接口

Use a USB micro cable (Android data cable) to connect to the GC-8100, open the device manager to read the port number of our device.



Figure 1.3 Device Manager

Open XCOM (serial port debugging assistant), select to open the corresponding COM port, baud rate 115200, stop bit 1, data bit 8, no parity, and tick to send a new line. Send help in ASCII code or?, Can get GC-8100 parameter setting instructions, and then read and modify the parameters. (TCP and RTU cannot take effect at the same time) The default IP is 192.168.1.30, the serial port is configured as 485 mode with a baud rate of 19200, data bit 8, stop bit 1, no parity.



Figure 1.4 GC-8100 configuration related commands

## 2. Using MODBUS RTU control

### 2.1 GC-8100 with Modbus Poll connection method

The definition of GC-8100 RS232 or RS485 interface is shown in Table 2.1.

termin al	RJ45 terminal serial number	DB9 terminal serial number	meaning
RS232_TX	3	2	RS232 data transmission
RS232_RX	6	3	RS232 data reception
GND	4	5	signal ground
RS485_A+	8	7	RS485 signal A+
RS485_B-	1	8	RS485 signal B-

Table 2.1 RS232 or RS485 pin definition



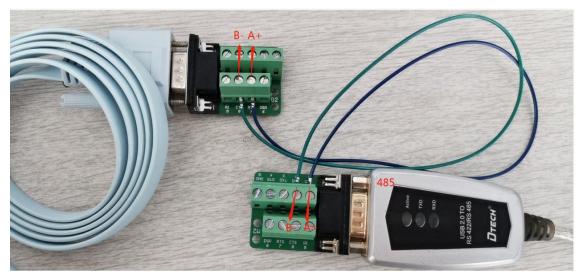


Fig.2.1 RS485 wiring diagram

Take the default configuration as an example, the slave address is 1, RS485 mode, baud rate 19200, data bit 8, stop bit 1, no parity. First power on the GC-8100 as shown in Figure 1.1, then connect the 485 line as shown in Figure 2.1, then connect the 485 line to the computer, read the corresponding COM port through the device manager, and connect to Modbus Poll (Modbus analog master software).), the Modbus Poll configuration interface is shown in Figure 2.3.



Figure 2.2 RS485 device manager interface

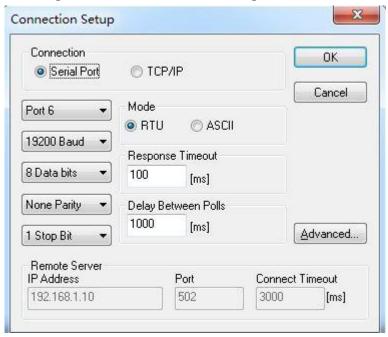


Figure 2.3 Configuration of Modbus Poll connected via RS485

After	the configurati	ion is complete,	click <b>OK</b> . If	it appears as
shown	in Figure 2.4,	the connection	is successful.	If it appears as
shown	in the figure			

2.5 shows that the connection fails

```
Mbpoll1

Tx = 33: Err = 33: ID = 1: F = 03: SR = 1000ms

Slave Device Failure
```

Figure 2.4 Modbus Poll Connection success prompt

```
| Mbpoll1 | Tx = 87: Err = 87: ID = 1: F = 03: SR = 1000ms | Timeout Error |
```

Figure 2.5 Modbus Poll connection failure message

#### Connection method between GC-8100 and GC-2008

When GC-8100 is connected with Modbus Poll, click Setup, then click Read/Write Definition..., Slave ID is changed to 1, Function is changed to 01 Read Coils (Ox), Address is changed to 0, Quantity is changed to 8. Then click ok, you will find, Mod bus Poll The prompt will change from Slave Device Failure to blank, the Err count will be cleared, and the display result will be shown in Figure 2.8.

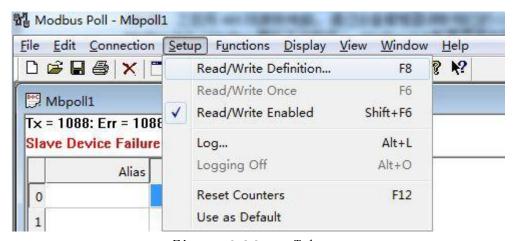
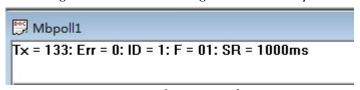


Figure **2.6 Setup** Tab

Slave ID:	1			OK
Function:	01 Read	Coils (0x)	•	Cancel
Address:	0			
Quantity:	8			Apply
Scan Rate:	1000	ms		
<b>▼</b> Read/W	rite Enable	ed	E	Read/Write Once
View				
Rows			Hide Alia	s Columns
<ul><li>10</li></ul>		50 100	Address	in Cell
Display:	Signed		l PLC Add	lresses (Base 1)

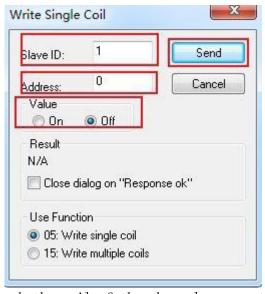
Figure 2.7 2008 Configuration Read/Write



Definition.. tab

Figure 2.8 Normal connection effect

single coil (channel) can be controlled through the 05 function code, and all coils (channels) can be controlled through the 15 function code. Click 05 to control the corresponding 2008 pass through Address. Since the coil address starts counting from 0 and the channel starts from 1, address 0 corresponds to channel 1, address 1 corresponds to channel 2, and so on. Change the value of Value from Off to On, click send to make the corresponding channel output. Click 15 to set how many coils can be controlled at the same time through the Quantity parameter (a GC-2008 has 8 channels, you can set



the Quantity to 8) #heck the coil of the channel you want to control. , click

send to realize batch control 2008 output. At the same time, you can see w	hich
coil is controlled to be turned on on the Mbpollinterface. As shown	in
Figure 2.11, the 3, 5, and 8 channels of the GC-2008 are currently output	ting.
Figure 2.9 Operation interface of function code 05	

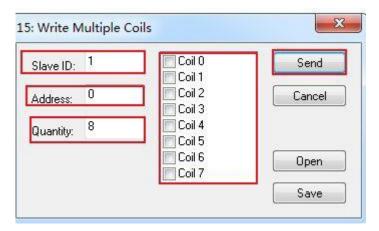


Figure 2.10 Function code 15 operation interface

Alias	00000
0	0
1	0
2	1
3	0
4	1
5	0
6	0
7	1
8	
9	

Figure 2.11 Current coil status read

#### 2.3 Connection method between GC-8100 and GC-1008

When the GC-8100 is connected to Modbus Poll, click Setup, then click Read/Write Definition..., the Slave ID is changed to 1, the Function is changed to 02 Read Discrete Inputs ( 1x), the Address is changed to 0, and the Quantity is changed to 8. Then click ok, you will find that the prompt of Modbus Poll will change from Slave Device Failure to blank, the Err count will be cleared, and the display result will be shown in Figure 2.8.



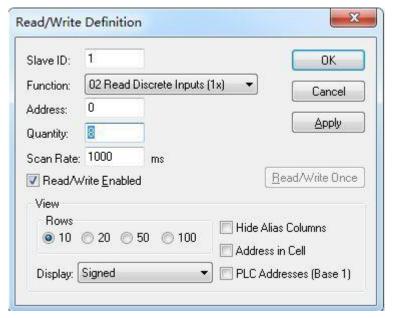


Figure 2.12 1008 Configuration Read/Write Definition.. Tab

The data value collected by the current data volume can be directly read through the O2 function code. Figure 2.13

As shown, channels 1 and 3 have digital 1 input at this time.

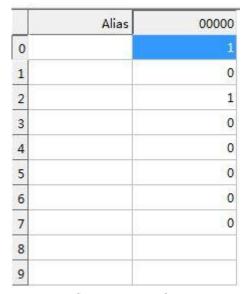


Figure 2.13 Current coil status read

#### 2.4 Connection method between GC-8100 and GC-3604

When the GC-8100 is connected to Modbus Poll, click Setup, then click Read/Write Definition.., the Slave ID is changed to 1, the Function is changed to 04 Read Input Registers (3x), the Address is changed to 0, and the Quantity is changed to 4(A 3604 has 4 channels). Then click ok, you will find that the prompt of



**3604** is **-5v~+5v** voltage input, his data is a **signed** (integer variable) representing a pass

channel, and corresponds to a register, the calculation formula is " GC8010 acquisition value \* 5/32765 = actual voltage value".

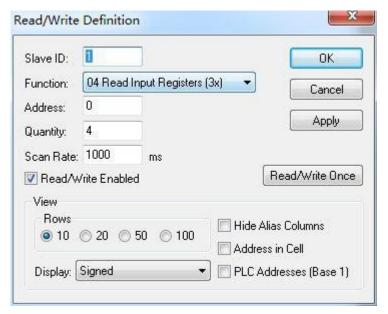


Figure 2.14 3604 configuration Read/Write Definition.. tab
The data value collected by the current analog quantity can be
directly read through the 04 function code. Figure 2.15
As shown, one channel inputs 4V, and the output voltage of the signal

A	00000 lias
0	26021
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

generator is shown in Figure 2.16.

Figure 2.15 The current register status read



Figure 2.16 Current signal generator output voltage

Note: When GC-8100 is connected with other IO modules, it can be configured automatically. The address will be automatically increased according to the number of channels. For example, if two GC-1008 are connected to GC-8100, 16 coils will be used. You can write 16 in the Quantity, and the Address from 0-7 is the first GC-1008, 8-15 is the second GC-1008, the principle of other expansion IO modules is the same.

#### Connection method between GC-8100 and GC-4642

When the GC-8100 is connected with Modbus Poll, click Setup, then click Read/Write

Definition.. Slave\_ID\_ Change it to 1 Function\_\_ Change to 03 Read Holding\_R egister (4 x Address

Change it to 0 and Quantity to 2 (a 4642 has two channels). Then click ok, you will find that the prompt of Modbus Poll will change from Slave Device Failure to blank, the Err count will be cleared, and the display result will be shown in Figure 2.8.

4642 is a 0-20mA current output. Its data is an unsigned (unsigned integer variable) representing a channel and corresponds to a register. The calculation formula is "GC8010 acquisition value \*20/65535=actual current value".

Slave ID:	1			OK
Function:	03 Read	d Holding Registers	(4x) ▼	Cancel
Address:	0			
Quantity:	2			Apply
Scan Rate:	1000	ms		
☑ Read/w	/rite Enab	led	R	ead/Write Once
View				
Rows		50 🔘 100	Hide Alias	s Columns
A 10	0 20 (	950 0 100	Address in	n Cell
<ul><li>10</li></ul>				

Figure 2.17 4642 Configuration Read/Write Definition.. Tab output current value can be controlled through the 06/16 function code. At this time, the first channel is set to 20mA, and the second channel is 10mA.

Slave ID:	1	000 = 65535 001 = 32767	Send
Address:	0		Cancel
Quantity:	2		Edit
			Open
			Save

Figure 2.18 Use 16 function code to output to the holding register

	Alias 00000
0	65535
1	32767
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	

Figure 2.19 Use the O3 function code to read the value of the holding



register

Figure  $2.20\,\mathrm{The}$  current value read by the 1-channel signal generator



Figure 2.21 The current value read by the 2-channel signal generator

## 3. Using Modbus tcp connect

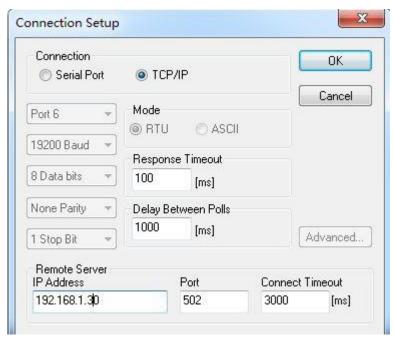


Figure 3.1 Configuration of Modbus Poll via TCP connection

Take the default configuration as an example, the IP address 192.168.1.30. First, power up the GC-8100 according to the method shown in Figure 1.1. The Modbus Poll configuration interface is shown in Figure 3.1. After the configuration is complete, click OK. If it appears as shown in Figure 2.4, the connection is successful, and if it appears as shown in Figure 2.5, the connection fails.

Note: When **8100** is used with IO, it needs to be matched in order. First input, then output, first digital, then analog. For example, when used with 1008 (digital input), 2008 (digital output), 3654 (analog input), 4652 (analog output), the sequence is:

1008-->2008-->3654-->4652 Same goes for multiple IOs 1008×n-->2008×n-->3654×n-->4652×n